

JHARSUGUDA ENGINEERING SCHOOL, JHARSUGUDA

Department of Civil Engineering

4th Sem (2nd Year) Summer 2024

Theory No:

1

Subject: **STRUCTURAL DESIGN – I**

Name of The Faculty: **Sri Swapnashish Patel, Sri Soubhagya Ranjan Mohanty**

Sl No	Chapter No	No. Of Classes Scheduled	Topics to be covered
1	1	1	1. Working stress method (WSM) 1.1 Objectives of design and detailing. State the different methods of design of concrete structures.
2		1	1.2 Introduction to reinforced concrete, R.C. sections their behavior, grades of concrete and steel. Permissible stresses, assumption in W.S.M.
3		1	1.3 Flexural design and analysis of single reinforced sections from first principles.
4		1	1.4 Concept of under reinforced, over reinforced and balanced sections. .
5		1	Revision
6		1	Revision
7		1	Practice on Problems
8		1	Practice on Problems
9		1	Practice on Problems
10			1
11	2	1	2.Philosophy Of Limit State Method (LSM)2.1 Definition, Advantages of LSM over WSM.
12		1	IS code suggestions regarding design philosophy.
13		1	2.2 Types of limit states, partial safety factors for materials strength, characteristic strength, characteristic load, design load, loading on structure as per I.S. 875
14		1	Revision
15		1	Revision
16		1	Practice on Problems
17		1	Practice on Problems
18			1

19		1	2.3 Study of I.S specification regarding spacing of reinforcement in slab, cover to reinforcement in slab, beam column & footing, minimum reinforcement in slab, beam & column, lapping, anchorage, effective span for beam & slab. .
20		1	Revision
21		1	Revision
22		1	Practice on Problems
23		1	Practice on Problems
24	3	1	3. Analysis and Design of Single and Double Reinforced Sections (LSM)3.1 Limit state of collapse (flexure), Assumptions,
25		1	Stress-Strain relationship for concrete and steel,
26		1	neutral axis, stress block diagram and strain diagram for singly reinforced section
27		1	Revision
28		1	Revision
29		1	Practice on Problems
30		1	Practice on Problems
31		1	3.2 Concept of under- reinforced, over-reinforced and limiting section, neutral axis co-efficient, limiting value of moment of resistance and limiting percentage of steel required for limiting singly R.C. section.
32		1	3.3 Analysis and design: determination of design constants, moment of resistance and area of steel for rectangular sections
33		1	3.4 Necessity of doubly reinforced section, design of doubly reinforced rectangular section
34		1	Revision
35		1	Revision
36		1	Practice on Problems
37		1	Practice on Problems
38		1	4. Shear, Bond and Development Length (LSM)

39	4	1	4.1 Nominal shear stress in R.C. section, design shear strength of concrete, maximum shear stress, design of shear reinforcement, minimum shear reinforcement, forms of shear reinforcement.	
40		1	4.2 Bond and types of bond, bond stress, check for bond stress, development length in tension and compression, anchorage value for hooks 900 bend and 450 bend standards lapping of bars, check for development length.	
41		1	4.3 Numerical problems on deciding whether shear reinforcement is required or not, check for adequacy of the section in shear. Design of shear reinforcement; Minimum shear reinforcement in beams (Explain through examples only)	
42		1	Revision	
43		1	Revision	
44		1	Practice on Problems	
45		1	Practice on Problems	
46		5	1	5. Analysis and Design of T-Beam (LSM)
47			1	5.1 General features, advantages, effective width of flange as per IS: 456-2000 code provisions.
48			1	5.2 Analysis of singly reinforced T-Beam, strain diagram & stress diagram, depth of neutral axis, moment of resistance of T-beam section with neutral axis lying within the flange.
49	1		5.3 Simple numerical problems on deciding effective flange width. (Problems only on finding moment of resistance of T-beam section when N.A. lies within or up to the bottom of flange shall be asked in written examination)..	
50	1		Revision	
51	1		Revision	
52	1		Practice on Problems	
53	1		Practice on Problems	

54	6	1	6. Analysis and Design of Slab and Stair case (LSM)	
55		1	6.1 Design of simply supported one-way slabs for flexure check for deflection control and shear.	
56		1	6.2 Design of one-way cantilever slabs and cantilevers chajjas for flexure check for deflection control and check for development length and shear.	
57		1	6.3 Design of two-way simply supported slabs for flexure with corner free to lift.	
58		1	Revision	
59		1	Revision	
60		1	Practice on Problems	
61		1	Practice on Problems	
62		1	6.4 Design of dog-legged staircase	
63		1	Practice on Problems	
64		1	6.5 Detailing of reinforcement in stairs spanning longitudinally.	
65		1	Practice on Problems	
66		7	1	7 Design of Axially loaded columns and Footings (LSM)
67			1	7.1 Assumptions in limit state of collapse- compression.
68			1	7.2 Definition and classification of columns, effective length of column.
69	1		Specification for minimum reinforcement; cover, maximum reinforcement, number of bars in rectangular, square and circular sections, diameter and spacing of lateral ties.	
70	1		7.3 Analysis and design of axially loaded short square, rectangular and circular columns (with lateral ties only).	
71	1		Revision	
72	1		Practice on Problems	
73	1		7.4 Types of footing, Design of isolated square column footing of uniform thickness for flexure and shear.	
74	1		Revision	
75	1		Practice on Problems	
Total		75		

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