THARSUCUDA ENCINEEDING SCHOOL THARSUGUDA				
JHARSUGUDA ENGINEERING SCHOOL, JHARSUGUDA				
Department of Civil Engineering 4th Sem (2nd Year) Summer 2023				
Theory N		Name of The Fa	nculty: Sri Dhanurjaya Behera, Sri	
	STRUCTURAL DESIGN - I	Swapnashish Patel		
Subject.	STRUCTURAL DESIGN = I	No. Of Classes		
Sl No	Chapter No	Scheduled	Topics to be covered	
1		1	1. Working stress method (WSM) 1.1 Objectives of design and detailing. State the different methods of design of concrete structures.	
2		1	1.2 Introduction to reinforced concrete, R.C. sections their behavior, grades of concrete and steel. Permissible stresses, assumption in W.S.M.	
3	1	1	1.3 Flexural design and analysis of single reinforced sections from first principles.	
4		1	1.4 Concept of under reinforced, over reinforced and balanced sections.	
5	1	1	Revision	
6	1	1	Revision	
7	1	1	Practice on Problems	
8	1	1	Practice on Problems	
9	1	1	Practice on Problems	
10		1	1.5 Advantages and disadvantages of WSM, reasons for its obsolescence	
11		1	2.Philosophy Of Limit State Method (LSM)2.1 Definition, Advantages of LSM over WSM,	
12	_	1	IS code suggestions regarding design philosophy.	
13		1	2.2 Types of limit states, partial safety factors for materials strength,	
14		1	characteristic strength, characteristic load, design load, loading on structure as per I.S. 875	
	4	1	Revision	
15	2	1	Revision	
16		1	Practice on Problems	
17	4	1	Practice on Problems	
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19		1	2.3 Study of I.S specification regarding spacing of reinforcement in slab, cover to reinforcement in slab, beam column & footing, minimum reinforcement in slab, beam & column, lapping, anchorage, effective span for beam & slab.
	-	1	Revision
21	4	1	Revision
22	4	1	Practice on Problems
23		1	Practice on Problems
24		1	3. Analysis and Design of Single and Double Reinforced Sections (LSM)3.1 Limit state of collapse (flexure), Assumptions,
25		1	Stress-Strain relationship for
26		1	neutral axis, stress block diagram and strain diagram for singly reinforced section
27	1	1	
28	1	1	Revision
29		1	Revision
30		1	Practice on Problems Practice on Problems
31	3	1	3.2 Concept of under- reinforced, over-reinforced and limiting section, neutral axis co-efficient, limiting value of moment of resistance and limiting percentage of steel required for limiting singly R.C. section.
32		1	3.3 Analysis and design: determination of design constants, moment of resistance and area of steel for rectangular sections
33		1	3.4 Necessity of doubly reinforced section, design of doubly reinforced rectangular section
2.4		1	Revision
34		1	Revision
35		1	Practice on Problems
36		1	Practice on Problems
37		1	4.Shear, Bond and Development Length (LSM)
38			201501 (2011)

			4.1 Nominal shear stress in R.C.
39		1	section, design shear strength of concrete, maximum shear stress, design of shear reinforcement, minimum shear reinforcement, forms of shear reinforcement.
40	4	1	4.2 Bond and types of bond, bond stress, check for bond stress, development length in tension and compression, anchorage value for hooks 900 bend and 450 bend standards lapping of bars, check for development length.
41		1	4.3 Numerical problems on deciding whether shear reinforcement is required or not, check for adequacy of the section in shear. Design of shear reinforcement; Minimum shear reinforcement in beams (Explain through examples only)
42		1	Revision
43		1	Revision
44		1	Practice on Problems
45		1	Practice on Problems
46		1	5.Analysis and Design of T-Beam (LSM)
47		1	5.1 General features, advantages, effective width of flange as per IS: 456-2000 code provisions.
48	5	1	5.2 Analysis of singly reinforced T-Beam, strain diagram & stress diagram, depth of neutral axis, moment of resistance of T-beam section with neutral axis lying within the flange.
49		1	5.3 Simple numerical problems on deciding effective flange width. (Problems only on finding moment of resistance of T-beam section when N.A. lies within or up to the bottom of flange shall be asked in written examination)
50		1	Revision
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52	1	1	Revision
53		1	Practice on Problems
54		1	Practice on Problems
55		1	6.Analysis and Design of Slab and
			Stair case (LSM)
			6.1 Design of simply supported one-
		1	way slabs for flexure check for
			deflection control and shear.
			6.2 Design of one-way cantilever
56		1	slabs and cantilevers chajjas for
		1	flexure check for deflection control
			and check for development length and shear.
			6.3 Design of two-way simply
57	6	1	supported slabs for flexure with
			corner free to lift.
58		1	Revision
59		1	Revision
60		1	Practice on Problems
61		1	Practice on Problems
62		1	6.4 Design of dog-legged staircase
63		1	Practice on Problems
64		1	6.5 Detailing of reinforcement in
			stairs spanning longitudinally.
65		1	Practice on Problems
66		1	7 Design of Axially loaded columns
			and Footings (LSM)
67		1	7.1 Assumptions in limit state of
			collapse- compression.
(0		1	7.2 Definition and classification of
68		•	columns, effective length of column.
		1	Specification for minimum
			reinforcement; cover, maximum
60			reinforcement, number of bars in
69			rectangular, square and circular
			sections, diameter and spacing of
	7		lateral ties.
70			7.3 Analysis and design of axially
		1	loaded short square, rectangular and
			circular columns (with lateral ties
		1	only).
		1	Revision Practice on Problems
72	l	1	Practice on Problems

73		1	7.4 Types of footing, Design of isolated square column footing of uniform thickness for flexure and shear.
74		1	Revision
13		1	Practice on Problems
	Total	75	

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