## JHARSUGUDA ENGINEERING SCHOOL, JHARSUGUDA

**Department of Civil Engineering** 

6th Sem (3rd Year) Summer 2023

Course Code: TH-1

Course Name: LAND SURVEY II

Name Of The Faculty:

Sri Amit Kumar Sahu

Sri Soumyasagar Tripathy

			J was Bar Paranaj	
S1 No	Week No	No. Of classes	Topics to be covered	Remarks
1		1	TACHEOMETRY: 1.1 Principles, stadia	
			constants determination	
		1	1.2 Stadia tacheometry with staff	
2			held vertical and with line of	
			collimation horizontal or inclined,	
			numerical problems	
3	W1	1	1.3 Elevations and distances of staff	
	,,,,	_	stations – numerical problems	
			Tamerical production	
		1	1.3 Elevations and distances of staff	
			stations – numerical problems	
4		1	1.3 Elevations and distances of staff	
			stations – numerical problems	
			CURVES :	
			2.1 compound, reverse and transition	
5		1	curve, Purpose & use of different	
			types of	
			curves in field	
6	****	1	2.2 Elements of circular curves,	
	W2		numerical problems	
7	1	2.2 Elements of circular curves, numerical problems		
	-		2.2 Elements of circular curves,	
		1	numerical problems	
			2.3 Preparation of curve table for	
8		1	setting out	
		1	2.4 Setting out of circular curve by	
0			chain and tape and by instrument	
9			angular methods (i) offsets from long	
			chord	

May

,		1		(ii) successive bisection of arc, (iii)	1
			1	offsets from tangents, (iv) offsets	
			1	from chord produced	
ŀ		w <sub>3</sub>		(v) Rankine's method of tangent	
	10	""	1	angles	
-					
	11		1	2.5 Obstacles in curve ranging – point	
				of intersection inaccessible	
	12			2.5 Obstacles in curve ranging – point	
			1	of intersection inaccessible	
				BASICS ON SCALE AND BASICS OF	
	13		1	MAP:	
				3.1 Fractional or Ratio Scale, Linear	
-				Scale, Graphical Scale	
				BASICS ON SCALE AND BASICS OF	
	14		1	MAP:	
		W4		3.1 Fractional or Ratio Scale, Linear	
-	$\dashv$	VV <del>'1</del>		Scale, Graphical Scale	
١,	15		1	3.2 What is Map, Map Scale and Map	
'			1	Projections	
$\vdash$	$\dashv$			2.2.11	
			1	3.3 How Maps Convey Location and Extent	
	$\dashv$				
1	6		1	3.4 How Maps Convey characteristics of features	
	$\top$			3.5 How Maps Convey Spatial	
1	7		1	Relationship	
			1	neiddionsinp	
				3.5.1 Classification of Maps	
1	8		1	3.5.1 Physical Map	
		W5		3.5.2 Topographic Map	
1,				3.5.3 Road Map	
19	9		1	3.5.4 Political Map	
			-	3.5.5 Economic & Resources Map	
			1	3.5.6 Thematic Map	
20			1	3.5.7 Climate Map	
	$\neg$			SURVEY OF INDIA MAP SERIES:	
2	l		1	4.1 Open Series map	
_	$\dashv$			4.2 Defense Series Map	
22	2		1	14.2 Defense Series Map	
		w6		4.3 Map Nomenclature	
23	3	***	1	4.3.1 Quadrangle Name	
	$\dashv$	}	1		
	$\dashv$	-	1	4.3.2 Latitude, Longitude, UTM's	
24	-		1	4.3.4 Contour Lines	
	+			4.3.5 Magnetic Declination	
25	.		1	4.3.6 Public Land Survey System	
20	'		1	4.3.7 Field Notes	
		L			

4

26	W7	1 O III 5 5 5 1 ((	ASICS OF AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY, HOTOGRAMMETRY, DEM AND PRTHO MAGE GENERATION: .1 Aerial Photography: .1.1 Film, Focal Length, Scale .1.2 Types of Aerial Photographs Oblique, Straight) i.2 Photogrammetry:	
		F	5.2.1 Classification of Photogrammetry	
		1	5.2.2 Aerial Photogrammetry	
28		1 5	5.2.3 Terrestrial Photogrammetry	
30		1	5.3 Photogrammetry Process: 5.3.1 Acquisition of Imagery using aerial and satellite platform	
		1	5.3.2 Control Survey	
31	W8	1	5.3.3 Geometric Distortion in Imagery	
32		1	Application of Imagery and its support data Orientation and Triangulation Stereoscopic Measurement 19.9.1 X-parallax 19.2.2 Y-parallax	
- 22		1	5.4 DTM/DEM Generation	
33	-	1	5.5 Ortho Image Generation	
34	$\dashv$	1	5 5 Ortho Image Generation	
35		1	MODERN SURVEYING METHODS: 6.1 Principles, features and use of (i) Micro-optic theodolite, digital theodolite	
30	W9	1	6.2 Working principles of a Total Station (Set up and use of total station to measure angles, distances of points under survey from total station and the co-ordinates (X,Y & Z or northing, easting, and elevation) of surveyed points relative to Total Station position using trigonometry and triangulation	
2	37	1	BASICS ON GPS & DGPS AND ETS: 7.1 GPS: - Global Positioning	
	,,,		7.1.1 Working Principle of	
3	38	1	GPS,GPS Signals,	

	1			7.1.2.5	
1		W10	,	7.1.2 Errors of GPS,Positioning	
39	9		1	Methods	
		-			
			1	7.2 DGPS: - Differential Global	
			•	Positioning System	
40			1	7.2.1 Base Station Setup	
41			1	7.2.2 Rover GPS Set up	
42	2		1	7.2.3 Download, Post-Process and	
		-		Export GPS data	
43	3	W11	1	7.2.4 Sequence to download GPS data from flashcards	
_	$\dashv$	WII			
			1	7.2.5 Sequence to Post-Process GPS data	
_	$\dashv$			7.2.6 Sequence to export post	
4	4		1	process GPS data	
-				7.2.7 Sequence to export GPS Time	
4.	5		1	tags to file	
	$\neg$			7.3 ETS: - Electronic Total Station	
4	6	W12	1	7.3.1 Distance Measurement	
4	7	W1Z	1	7.3.2 Angle Measurement	
			1	7.3.3 Leveling	
4	8		1	7.3.4 Determining position	
-	9		1	7.3.5 Reference networks	
	0		1	7.3.6 Errors and Accuracy	
				BASICS OF GIS AND MAP	
5	51		1	PREPARATION USING GIS	
	-			8.1 Components of GIS, Integration	
		W13		of Spatial and Attribute Information	
		WIS		8.2 Three Views of Information	
			1	System	
			1	8.2.1 Database or Table View, Map	
				View and Model View	
				8.3 Spatial Data Model 8.4 Attribute	
	52		1	Data Management and Metadata	
				Concept  O F Premare data and adding to Arc	
			.	8.5 Prepare data and adding to Arc Map.	
	53		1	8.6 Organizing data as layers.	
-				8.7 Editing the layers.	
	_		1	8.8 Switching to Layout View.	
	54	W14	1	,	
	55		1	8.9 Change page orientation.	
			1	8.10 Removing Borders.	
	F.C		1	8.11 Adding and editing map	
	56		1	information.	
	57		1	8.12 Finalize the map	
	01	1			

July 1

	1	PYQ	
58 W15	1	PYQ	
399	1	REVHHON	
10	1	REVISION	
Total	75		

Garden of Faculty

Signature of H.O.D