

VECTOR ALGEBRAList of 2 Marks questions

- (1) Find the unit vector of $3\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} - \hat{k}$.
- (2) For given vectors $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = -\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$, find the unit vector in the direction of $\vec{a} + \vec{b}$.
- (3) Find the projection of the vector $\hat{i} - \hat{j}$ on the vector $\hat{i} + \hat{j}$.
- (4) Find the angle between the vectors $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ & $3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$.
- (5) Find the value of λ , so that the vectors $\vec{a} = 3\hat{i} + \lambda\hat{j}$, & $\vec{b} = -5\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$ are perpendicular to each other.
- (6) Find the scalar projection of \vec{a} on \vec{b} if $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + \hat{j}$ and $\vec{b} = \hat{i} + \hat{k}$.
- (7) Find the vector projection of \vec{a} on \vec{b} if $\vec{a} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$.
- (8) Find $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b})$, if $\vec{a} = \hat{i} - 7\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$.
- (9) Find the value of λ , so that the vectors $\vec{a} = \lambda\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = -\lambda\hat{i} + \lambda\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ are perpendicular.
- (10) Find the area of the parallelogram whose sides are vectors $\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ and $-3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$.

List of 5 Marks questions

- (1) Find the angle between the vectors $\vec{a} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$.
- (2) Find a vector in the direction of vector $2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ which has magnitude 21 units.
- (3) Find a unit vector in the direction of the sum of the vectors $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 7\hat{k}$.
- (4) Find the value of p for which the vectors $3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + p\hat{k}$ and $\hat{i} - 2p\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ are parallel.

- (5) Write the value of cosine of the angle which the vector, $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ makes with Y-axis.
- (6) Find the sum of the vectors $\vec{a} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$ and $\vec{c} = \hat{i} - 6\hat{j} - 7\hat{k}$.
- (7) For what values of α , the vectors $2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$ and $\alpha\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$ are collinear.
- (8) Write the position vector of mid-point of the vector joining points P(2, 3, 4) and Q(4, 1, -2).
- (9) Find the vector projection of the vector $\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$ on the vector $4\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 8\hat{k}$.
- (10) Show that the points A(1, 2, 7), B(2, 6, 3) and C(3, 10, -1) are collinear.
- (11) Find the area of the triangle with vertices A(1, 1, 2), B(2, 3, 5) and C(1, 5, 3).
- (12) Find the area of the parallelogram whose adjacent sides are determined by the vectors $\vec{a} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = 2\hat{i} - 7\hat{j} + \hat{k}$.

List of 10 Marks question

- (1) Find the scalar and vector projection of the vector $2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$ on the line joining the points (3, 4, -2) and (5, 6, -3).
- (2) Prove that the vectors $2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$ and $3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$ form a right angled triangle.
- (3) Find the scalar projection & vector projection of the vector $3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ on the vector $5\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} + 8\hat{k}$.
- (4) Find a unit vector perpendicular to each of the vectors $2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - \hat{k}$. Find the sine of angle between the two vectors.
- (5) Calculate the modulus and the unit vector in the direction of the sum of the vectors $\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$, $3\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ and $-2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$.

UNIT-2
Limits and continuity

List of 2 Marks questions

(1) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin 3x}$.

(2) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}$

(3) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{x}$

(4) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\log(3x-5)}{x-2}$

(5) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\log(x-1)}{x^2-3x+2}$

(6) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(x+1)}{\sqrt{x+1} - 1}$

(7) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^x - 2^x}{4^x - 3^x}$

(8) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x - 1}{x}$

(9) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2 + 4x - 1}{2x^2 - 3x + 5}$

(10) Evaluate $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{(n+1)! - n!}$

List of 5 Marks questions

(1) Test the continuity of the functions

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+1 & \text{if } x \leq 0 \\ x & \text{if } 0 < x < 1 \quad \text{at } x=0, 1 \\ 2x-1 & \text{if } x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

(2) Test the continuity of the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} (1+2x)^{\frac{1}{x}} & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ e^2 & \text{if } x=0 \end{cases}$ at $x=0$.

$$(3) \text{ Evaluate } \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{2^n - 1}{\sqrt{n} - 1}$$

$$(4) \text{ Evaluate } \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{3n} - e^{2n}}{e^{4n} - e^{3n}}$$

$$(5) \text{ Evaluate } \lim_{n \rightarrow 2} \frac{\log(3n-5)}{n-2}$$

$$(6) \text{ Evaluate } \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{3n} - e^x}{n}$$

$$(7) \text{ Evaluate } \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3+n)^3 - 27}{n}$$

$$(8) \text{ Test the continuity of the function } f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin 2x}{x} & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ 2 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases} \text{ at } x=0$$

$$(9) \text{ Evaluate } \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{n-1}{\log n}$$

$$(10) \text{ Evaluate } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{n} \{ \sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n} \} \quad (11) \text{ Evaluate } \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 7x}{\tan 5x}.$$

List of 10 Marks questions

$$(1) \text{ If } f(x) = \begin{cases} ax^2 + b & \text{if } x < 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } x = 1 \\ 2ax - b & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases} \text{ is continuous at } x=1,$$

Then find a and b.

(2) Find the value of a such that the function f defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin ax}{\sin x} & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ \frac{1}{a} & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases} \text{ is continuous at } x=0.$$

(3) Find the value of a if

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{5^n - 5}{(n-1) \log a} = 5$$

$$(4) \text{ Evaluate } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{a+2x} - \sqrt{3x}}{\sqrt{3a+x} - \sqrt{2x}}$$

UNIT - 3DerivativesList of 2 Marks questions

- (1) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \sqrt{1 + \sin 2x}$
- (2) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x}}$
- (3) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = x \sin x - \frac{e^x}{1+x^2}$
- (4) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x}$.
- (5) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \cos(\ln x)^2$
- (6) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \sqrt{\sin \sqrt{x}}$
- (7) Find derivatives of $\sqrt{\sec(2x+1)}$
- (8) Find derivatives of $\tan^{-1}(\sin^2 x)$
- (9) Find derivatives of $\sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}$
- (10) Find derivatives of $\cos^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{2}}$
- (11) Find derivatives of $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right)$
- (12) Find derivatives of $\cos^{-1}(2t^2 - 1)$
- (13) Find derivatives of $\sin^{-1} 2x \sqrt{1-x^2}$
- (14) Find derivatives of $(\log x)^{\tan x}$.
- (15) Find derivatives $x^{\sin x}$
- (16) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x^2 + 3y^2 = 5$.

- (17) Find $\frac{dy}{du}$ if $u = \alpha t^2$, $y = 2at$ at $t = \frac{1}{2}$.
- (18) Differentiate $\tan^{-1} u$ w.r.t $\cos^{-1} u$.
- (19) Differentiate $\tan^{-1} u$ w.r.t $\tan^{-1} \sqrt{1+u^2}$
- (20) Find derivatives of $\tan^{-1} (\sin^2 u)$
- List of 5 Marks Questions
- (1) Find $\frac{dy}{du}$ if $u^y = y^u$
 - (2) Find $\frac{dy}{du}$ if $y = (\sin u)^{\tan u}$
 - (3) Find $\frac{dy}{du}$ if $u = a \cos^3 t$, $y = a \sin^3 t$ at $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$.
 - (4) Find $\frac{dy}{du}$ if $u = 3 \cos t - 2 \cos^3 t$, $y = 3 \sin t - 2 \sin^3 t$.
 - (5) Find $\frac{dy}{du}$ if $y = \sec^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}}{a} \right)$
 - (6) Differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{u} - v}{1 + u^{3/2}} \right)$
 - (7) Find $\frac{d\theta}{dt}$ if $\tan \theta = \frac{1-t}{1+t}$
 - (8) Differentiate $\frac{1-\cos x}{1+\cos x}$ w.r.t $\frac{1-\sin x}{1+\sin x}$
 - (9) Differentiate $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1+u^2} \right)$ w.r.t $\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1-u^2}{1+u^2} \right)$
 - (10) Find $\frac{dy}{du}$ if $u^y = y^u$
 - (11) If $u = \sin t$, $y = \sin(p t)$. Then show that

$$(1-u^2) \frac{d^2y}{du^2} - u \frac{dy}{du} + p^2 y = 0.$$
 - (12) If $y = \tan^{-1} u$ prove that

$$(1+u^2)y_2 + 2uy_1 = 0$$

(13) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x = a \cos \theta$, & $y = a(1 + \sin \theta)$ at $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$

(14) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \sin^x \cos x$

(15) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y^x = x^{\sin y}$

(16) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $\sin x = \frac{2t}{1+t^2}$, $\tan y = \frac{2t}{1-t^2}$

(17) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $u = a(\cos t + t \sin t)$
and $y = a(\sin t - t \cos t)$

(18) Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ w.r.t $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$

(19) If $y = ax \sin x$ show that $x^2y_2 - 2xy_1 + (x^2 + 2)y = 0$

(20) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y^3 + 3x^2y - 2x = 10$

List of 10 marks questions

(1) Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a}}{1 - \sqrt{xa}}\right)$

(2) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = (\sec x + \tan x)^{\cot x}$

(3) If $x = \sin t$, $y = \sin at$ then prove that

$$(1-x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0$$

(4) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \tan^{-1}(\cos x)$

(5) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = (\cos x)^x + x^{\cos x}$.

(6) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $(\cos x)^y = (\cos y)^x$

(7) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x = a(\theta + \sin\theta)$, $y = a(1 - \cos\theta)$ at $\theta = \pi/4$

(8) If $y = \sin nx$, then show that

$$(1-x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - n^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

(9) If $y = (\tan u)^2$, show that $(x^2+1)^2 y_2 + 2x(1+x^2)y_1 = 2$

(10) If $y = A \sin u + B \cos u$, then prove that

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$$

Partial differentiation

List of 2 Marks questions

(1) If $z = 2xy + ny^2 + 5xy$, then find $\frac{\delta z}{\delta x}$ and $\frac{\delta z}{\delta y}$.

(2) Find $\frac{\delta z}{\delta x}$ & $\frac{\delta z}{\delta y}$ if $z = u^2 + 3uv$

(3) If $f(x, y, z) = e^{xyz}$ then find $x f_x + y f_y + z f_z$

(4) Find the degree of the function $z = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3+y^3}{x+y}\right)$

List of 5 Marks questions

(1) If $z = f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$. Show that $x \frac{\delta z}{\delta x} + y \frac{\delta z}{\delta y} = 0$

(2) If $z = \sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ then find $\frac{\delta z}{\delta x}$ and $\frac{\delta z}{\delta y}$

(3) State and prove Euler's Theorem.

(4) If $z = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3+y^3}{x+y}\right)$ then show that

$$x \frac{\delta z}{\delta x} + y \frac{\delta z}{\delta y} = \sin 2z.$$

UNIT-4
Integration

List of 2 Mark question

(1) $\int \left(4 \cos x - 3e^x + \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right) dx$ (14) $\int \sin 3x \cos 2x dx$

(2) $\int \frac{\sin x}{\cos^2 x} dx$

(15) $\int \cos^3 x dx$

(3) $\int \frac{\sin^2 x}{1+\cos x} dx$

(16) $\int \frac{\cos^3 x}{\sin^4 x} dx$

(4) $\int \sqrt{1-\cos 2x} dx$

(17) $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{25-x^2}}$

(5) $\int \sqrt{1+\sin 2x} dx$

(18) $\int \tan x dx$

(6) $\int \sqrt{1+\cos 2x} dx$

(19) $\int u^2 e^u dx$

(7) $\int \frac{dx}{1-\cos^2 x}$

(20) $\int_{-3}^4 |u| dx$

(8) $\int e^{2\tan x} \sec^2 x dx$

(21) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{1+\tan x}$

(9) $\int \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

(22) $\int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \tan^2 x dx$

(10) $\int \frac{(\tan x)^3}{1+x^2} dx$

(23) $\int_{-2}^1 (1/x+x) dx$

(11) $\int \frac{3(\ln x)^2}{x} dx$

(24) $\int_0^{\pi/4} \sin 2x \cdot \cos x dx$

(12) $\int \frac{\operatorname{cosec}^2(\ln x)}{x} dx$

(25) $\int_0^2 [u^2] du$

(13) $\int \frac{\operatorname{cosec}^2 x}{1+\cot x} dx$

List of 5 Marks questions

- (1) $\int \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}} dx$
- (2) $\int \sin^3 x \cos^3 x dx$
- (3) $\int (\ln x)^2 dx$
- (4) $\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx$
- (5) $\int e^{ax} \cos bx dx$
- (6) $\int e^{ax} \sin bx dx$
- (7) $\int e^x \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) dx$
- (8) $\int x \sin x dx$
- (9) $\int x \ln(1+x) dx$
- (10) $\int e^{3x} \cos 2x dx$
- (11) $\int e^{2x} \sin x dx$
- (12) $\int e^x \cos x dx$
- (13) $\int \sin^3 x \cos^5 x dx$
- (14) $\int e^{\cos^2 x} \sin 2x dx$
- (15) $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{25 - 16x^2}}$
- (16) $\int u^2 \tan^{-1} u du$
- (17) $\int x \sin x dx$
- (18) $\int_1^2 x \log x dx$
- (19) $\int_0^1 x \tan x dx$
- (20) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \log(1 + \tan \theta) d\theta$
- (21) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$
- (22) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x}{\cos x + \sin x} dx$
- (23) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx$
- (24) $\int_0^1 \frac{\ln(1+x)}{1+x^2} dx$
- (25) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{x dx}{1 + \sin x}$
- (26) $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{9+x^2}}$
- (27) $\int \cos^5 x dx$
- (28) $\int \cos 4x \cdot \cos 3x dx$

(29) Find the area of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$

List of 10 Marks questions

(1) Find the area of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$

(2) Find the area of the region bounded by the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$

(3) Find the area enclosed by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$

(4) Find the area of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$.

(5) Integrate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \ln \sin x dx$

(6) Prove that $\int_0^{\pi/2} x \ln \sin x dx = \frac{\pi^2}{2} \operatorname{Ei} \frac{1}{2}$.

(7) $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} dx$

(15) $\int \frac{\sin ax - \sin bx}{\cos ax - \cos bx} dx$

(8) $\int \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 2} dx$

(16) $\int \sin^n \sec^{14} x dx$

(10) $\int e^{2x} \sin 2x dx$

(17) $\int \sin^{20} x \cos^{3n} x dx$

(11) $\int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{4x^2 - 9}}$

(12) $\int \frac{x+5}{\sqrt{x^2 + 6x - 7}} dx$

(13) $\int \sec^n \theta \tan \theta d\theta$

(14) $\int \cot \theta \cdot \cosec \theta d\theta$

UNIT-5Differential EquationList of 2 Marks questions

(1) Find the order and degree of the equation

$$a \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \left\{ 1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 \right\}^{3/2}$$

(2) Find the order and degree of the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{dy}{dx}}$$

(3) Find the general solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^{2x} + 1}{e^x}$

(4) Solve the differential equation of $\frac{dy}{dz} = \sec y$

List of 5 Marks questions

(1) Solve $(1+x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy - x^3 = 0$

(2) Solve $(1+x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = \cos x$

(3) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \sec x = \tan x$

(4) Solve $(1+y^2)dx + x dy = \tan^{-1} y dy$

(5) Solve $(x^2-1) \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = 1$

(6) Solve $\sin x \frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = \cos x$